Power Quality Analyzer EM-PQ 2500

Operating Manual





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General

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Comments on the handbook

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Safety information

Meaning of Symbols

The following pictograms are used in this handbook:



Gefährliche Spannung!

Danger of death or risk of major injury. Disconnect the system and device before beginning any work.



Protective ground connection.



Inductive.

The voltage lags the current



Capacitive.

The voltage lags the current.



Caution!

Please pay attention to the documentation. This symbol should warn against possible dangers that can occur during assembly, initialization and use.



Note.

Safety Information

Application Information

Please read this operating manual and all other publications that have to be consulted to work with this product (particularly for installation, operation or maintenance).

Please pay attention to all safety regulations and warning information. If you fail to follow the information, it can result in personal damage and/ or damages to the product.

Any unauthorized change or use of this device beyond the specified mechanical, electrical or other operating limits can cause personal damage and/or damage to the product.

Any such unauthorized change represents "misuse" and/or "negligence" in the sense of guarantee for the product and therefore makes the guarantee covering possible consequential damages void.

This device is to be exclusively operated and maintained by a specialist.

Specialists are persons who, due to their relevant training and experience, are capable of recognizing risks and avoiding possible hazards that can be caused when operating or servicing the device.

When using the device, the necessary legal and safety regulations should be considered additionally for the respective application case.



Caution!

If the device is not operated according to the operating manual, protection is no longer ensured and the device may cause dangers.



Cables with single wires must be provided with ferrules.



Only screw plugs with the same pole number and the same type of construction can be plugged together.

Goods-in Check

Correct and safe operation of this device is subject to appropriate transportation, correct warehousing, installation and assembly as well as careful operation and maintenance. If it can be assumed that safe operation without any danger is no longer possible, the device must be taken out of operation immediately and secured against unintentional initialization.

Unpacking and packing must take place, with the usual care without applying force and using suitable tools. The devices must be checked for perfect condition with visual tests.

It should be assumed that risk-free operation is not possible if, for example:

- There is visible damage,
- it no longer works due despite the main supply being intact,
- has been subject to unfavorable conditions (e.g. storage outside of the authorized climate limits without adaptation to the room climate, thawing etc.) over a longer period of time or transport stresses (e.g. a fall from a height, including without any visisble external damage etc).
- Please check the delivered items for completeness before starting with the installation of the device.



All screw clamps that belong to the scope of supply are attached to the device.



The operating manual also describe options that do not belong to the scope of supply.



All supplied options and design versions are described on the delivery note.

Goods-in Check

Scope of Supply

Number	Name
1	EM-PQ2500
1	Operating manual
1	CD with the following contents:
	- Configuration and visualization software "EM-PQ VIS"
	- Functional descriptions, EM-PQ VIS, EM-PQ2500
	- GSD file "U5080C2C.GSD" for Profibus DP V0
1	Screw clamp, pluggable, 2-pole (auxiliary power).
1	Screw clamp, pluggable, 5-pole (voltage measurement 1-4).
1	Screw clamp, pluggable, 8-pole (current measurement 1-4).
1	Screw clamp, pluggable, 6-pole (digital outputs).
1	Screw clamp, pluggable, 5-pole (digital inputs).
1	3m patch cable, blue (Connection EM-PQ2500 - switch/hub).
1	2m patch cable, twisted (connection EM-PQ2500 - PC).
1	fixing clips.

Available accessories

B 1			
N	a	m	e

Profibus plug, 9-pole DSUB, with integrated switchable terminating resistors. Seal, 144x144.

Description

Intended Use

The EM-PQ2500 is intended for measurements in the building installation, on distributors, power switches and bus bars.

Measurement voltages and measurement currents must come from the same network.

The EM-PQ2500 is suitable for installation in switch boards with a fixed, weather-protected extradata.

The EM-PQ2500 can be used in 2, 3 and 4 supply networks and in TN and TT networks.

The current measurement inputs of the EM-PQ2500 are connected using external ../1A or ../5A current transformers.

The measurement in medium and high-voltage networks generally takes place using current and voltage transformers.

The EM-PQ2500 can be used in residential and industrial areas.

Measurement results can be displayed, saved and read-out using serial interfaces for further processing.

Description

Features

- Front board installation, 144x144mm,
- Working temperature range -10°C .. +55°C,
- Colour graphic display 320x240, 256 colours, 6 keys,
- 8 digital inputs, 5 digital outputs,
- 16Bit A/transformer, data memory 256MByte Flash, SDRAM 32Mbyte,
- Continuous scanning of voltage and current measurement inputs with 20kHz,
- Frequency range of fundamental oscillation 40Hz .. 70Hz
- 4 voltage measurement inputs, 4 current measurement inputs,
- · Measurement in TN and TT networks,
- RS485: Profibus DP/V0, Modbus RTU, Modbus-Master,
- Ethernet: Web-Server, EMAIL, BACnet (Option), TCP/IP, EMAIL (SMTP), DHCP-Client (BootP), Modbus/TCP, Modbus RTU over Ethernet, FTP, ICMP (Ping), NTP, TFTP, SNMP.
- Detection of transients >50µs and storage with up to 16000 scanning points,
- Detection of more than 800 measurement values,
- Measurement of harmonics 1 to 40, for
 - Uln, I, P (ref/supply) and
 - Q (ind/cap),
- Programming own applications in Jasic.

Measurement Method

The EM-PQ2500 measures without any gaps and calculates all effective values over a 200ms Interval.

The EM-PQ2500 measures the real effective value (TRMS) of the voltages and currents applied to the measurement inputs.

Operating Concept

You can program the EM-PQ2500 in several ways and call up measurement values.

- Direct- on the device using 6 keys and the display.
- Using the configuration and visualization software EM-PQ VIS.
- Using the EM-PQ2500 homepage for devices with an Ethernet interface.
- Using the RS485 with the Modbus-protocol. You can change and call up data with the help of the Modbus address list (stored on the enclosed data carrier).

Only operating the EM-PQ2500 using the integrated display and the 6 keys is described in this operating manual.

The EM-PQ VIS configuration and visualization software and the homepage have their own "online assistance".

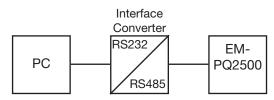
Description

EM-PQ VIS configuration and visualization software

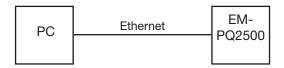
The EM-PQ2500 can be programmed and readout with the EM-PQ VIS configuration and visualization software included in the scope of supply. A PC must be connected using a serial interface (RS485/Ethernet) to the EM-PQ2500.

EM-PQ VIS features

- Programming the EM-PQ2500.
- · Configuration of recordings.
- Recordings read-out.
- Saving data in a database.
- Graphic presentation of measurement values.
- Programming specific applications for the client.



Illu. Connection of a EM-PQ2500 to a PC using an interface converter.



Illu. Connection of a EM-PQ2500 to a PC using Ethernet.

Assembly

Place of Installation

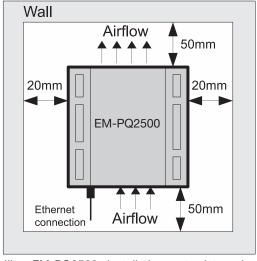
The EM-PQ2500 is suitable for installation in fixed, weather protected switch boards. Conducting switch boards have to be grounded.

Installation extradata

In order to achieve sufficient ventilation, the EMPQ2500 has to be installed vertically. The clearance has to be at least 50mm at the top and bottom and 20mm at the side.

Front Board Cutout

Cutout size: 138^{+0.8} x 138^{+0.8} mm



Illu. EM-PQ2500 installation extradata; view from back.



Failure to maintain the minimum clearances can destroy the EM-PQ2500 at high environmental temperatures!

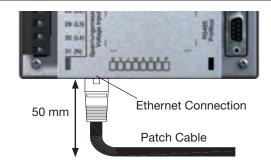
Assembly

Ethernet Connection

The EM-PQ2500's Ethernet connection is located on the underside of the housing.

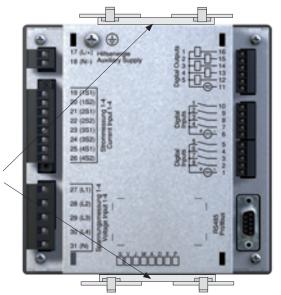
Depending on the bending radius of the Ethernet cable and plug type, you must provide a connection area beneath the EM-PQ2500.

The connection area beneath the EM-PQ2500 should not be less than 50 mm.



Fixing

The EM-PQ2500 is fixed into the switch board with two fixing clips that are each mounted on the device at the top and bottom.



Protective Wire Connection

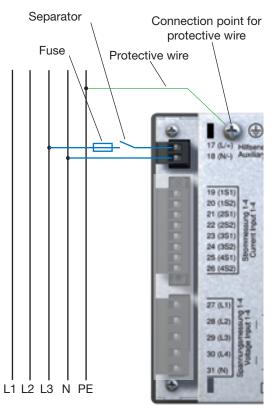
Use a ring cable lug for connecting the protective wire to the EM-PQ2500.

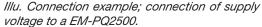
Supply Voltage

A supply voltage is required to operate the EM-PQ2500. The type and level of the necessary supply voltage is noted on the label.

Before applying the supply voltage, make sure that the voltage and the frequency match the details on the label!

The connection cables for the supply voltage must be connected using a fuse. Use a UL/IEC listed fuse (6A type C).







Warning - danger of death!

It is necessary for the protective wire connection on the device to be connected with the system grounding.



Warning!

The inputs for the supply voltage are dangerous to touch!



Warning!

Please pay attention to the details on the supply voltage provided on the EM-PQ2500 label.

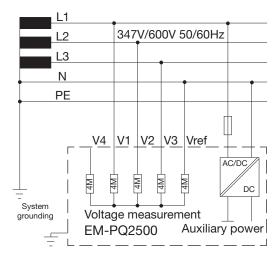


- An isolator or circuit breaker must be provided for the voltage supply in building installation.
- The isolator must be attached near to the device and must be easy for the user to access.
- The switch must be marked as a separator for this device.
- -Voltages above the authorized voltage range can destroy the device.

Voltage Measurement

Three-phase 4 conductor systems

The EM-PQ2500 can be used in three-phase 4 conductor systems (TN, TT network) with a grounded neutral wire. The bodies of the electrical system are grounded.

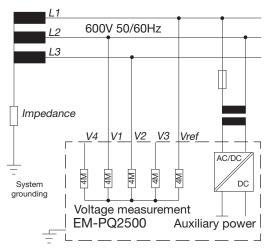


Illu. Basic circuit diagram, EM-PQ2500 in the TN-network.

Three-phase 3 conductor systems

The EM-PQ2500 is only suitable for use in IT networks with restrictions, because the measurement voltage is measured against the housing potential and the input impedance of the device causes a leakage current against ground. The leakage current can cause isolation monitoring in IT networks to respond.

Connection variations with a voltage transformer are suitable for IT networks without any restrictions.



Illu. Basic circuit diagram, EM-PQ2500 in the IT network without N.

Nominal Voltages

Lists of the networks and their nominal network voltages in which the EM-PQ2500 can be used.

Three-phase 4 conductor systems with grounded neutral wire.

U _{L-N} / U _{L-L}	
66V / 115V 120V / 208V 127V / 220V 220V / 380V 230V / 400V 240V / 415V 260V / 440V	
277V / 480V 347V / 600V	Maximum nominal voltage of the network according to UL
400V / 690V 417V / 720V	Maximum nominal voltage of the network

Illu. Table of suitable network nominal voltages for the voltage measurement inputs according to EN60664-1:2003.

Ungrounded three-phase 3 conductor systems.

-
U _{L-L}
66V
115V
120V
127V
200V
220V
230V
240V
260V
277V
347V
380V
400V
415V
440V
480V
500V
577V
600V
OUUV

Maximum nominal voltage of the network

Illu. Table of suitable network nominal voltages for the voltage measurement inputs according to EN60664-1:2003.

Voltage Measurement Inputs

The EM-PQ2500 has 4 voltage measurement inputs (V1, V2, V3, V4).

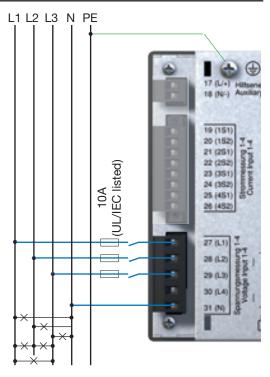
Overvoltage

The voltage measurement inputs are suitable for measurements in networks in which overvoltages in the overvoltage category 600V CATIII can occur.

Frequency

The EM-PQ2500 requires the rated frequency for measuring and calculating measurement values.

The EM-PQ2500 is suitable for measurements in networks with a rated frequency in the range of 40Hz to 70Hz.



Illu. Connection example for voltage measurement.



A connection diagram does not have to be configured for the measurement inputs V4 and I4.

The following has to be considered when connecting the voltage measurement:

- A suitable separator is to be provided in order to disconnect the EM-PQ2500 from the current and voltage.
- The separator must be placed near to the EM-PQ2500, labelled for the user and must be easy to reach.
- Use UL/IEC authorized overcurrent protection and isolators (10A type C) only.
- The overcurrent protection device must have a nominal value calculated for the short-circuit current at the connection point.
- Measurement voltages and measurement currents must come from the same network.



Warning!

Voltages that exceed the authorized network nominal voltages must be connected using a voltage converter.



Warning!

The EM-PQ2500 is not suitable for measuring DC voltages.



Warning!

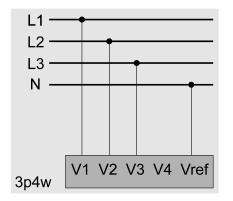
The voltage measurement inputs on the EM-PQ2500 are dangerous to touch!

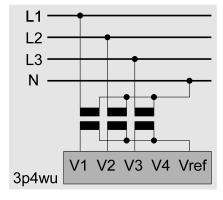


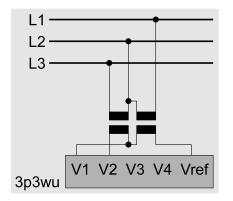
Warning!

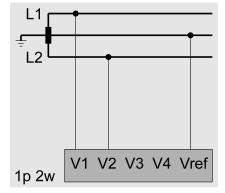
The voltage measurement inputs may not be used for voltage measurement in SELV circuits (Safety Extra Low Voltage).

Connection diagrams, voltage measurement

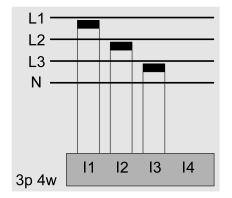


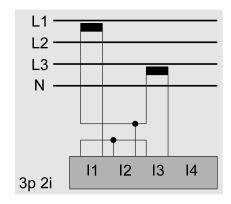


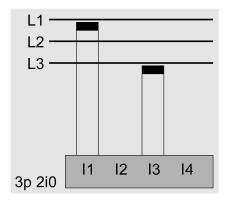


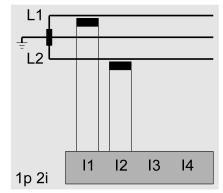


Connection diagrams, current measurement









Current measurement

The EM-PQ2500 is designed for connecting current converters with secondary currents of ../1A and ../5A. Only alternating currents, and no direct currents, can be measured.

Each current measurement input can be loaded with 120A for 1 second.



Warning!

The current measurement inputs are dangerous to touch.



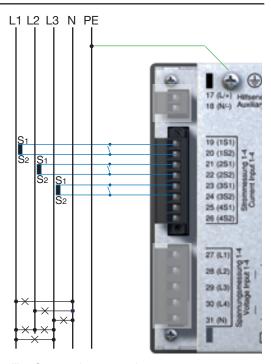
Warning!

The EM-PQ2500 is not suitable for the measurement of direct voltages.



Grounding current converters!

If a connection is provided for grounding the secondary winding, this must be connected with ground.



Illu. Connection example, current measurement using current converter.



A connection diagram does not have to be configured for meaurement inputs V4 and I4.

Current Direction

The current direction can corrected on the device or individually using the available serial interfaces for each phase.

In the case of incorrect connection, subsequent reconnection of the current converter is not necessary.



Current converter connections!

The secondary connections of the current converter must be short-circuited to these before the electricity cables are disconnected from the EM-PQ2500! If a test switch is available which automatically shorts the secondary current converter lines, it is sufficient to set them to the "test" extradata, as long as the short-circuiters have been checked beforehand.



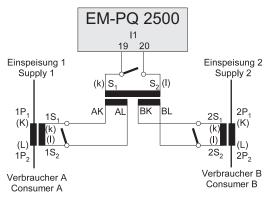
Open current converters!

Extreme contact danger due to voltage peaks can occur on current converters that are operated open on the secondary side!

For "anti-open current converters", the winding isolation is calculated so that the current converters can be operated open. However, these current converters are also dangerous to touch if they are operated open.

Total current measurement

If the current is measured using two current converters, the total transfer ratio of the current converters must be programmed in the EMPQ2500.



Illu. Example, current measurement using a total current converter.

Example

The current measurement takes place using two current converters. Both current converters have a transfer ratio of 1000/5A. The total measurement is carried out with a 5+5/5A total current converter.

The EM-PQ2500 must then be set as follows:

Primary current: 1000A + 1000A = 2000A Secondary current: 5A

Direct measurement

Nominal currents up to 5A can also be directly measured with the EM-PQ2500.

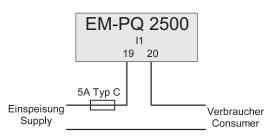
Under consideration that the direct measurement will be carried out for the current only in three phase 4 wire systems with mains voltage till

- 127V/220V (300V CAT III) according UL
- 277V/480V (300V CAT III)

and three phase 3 wire systems with mains voltage till

- 277V (300V CAT III) according UL
- 480V (300V CAT III)

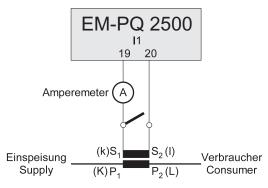
Due to the fact that the EM-PQ2500 does not have integrated protection for the current measurement, this protection must be foreseen in the installation.



Illu. Example, direct current measurement.

Ampere meter

If you do not want to measure the current with the EM-PQ2500 alone, but also with an additional ampere meter, the ampere meter must be switched in series to the FM-PQ2500.



Illu. Example, current measurement with an additional ampere meter.

RS485

The RS485 interface is designed as a 9-pole DSUB socket on the EM-PQ2500.

On this interface, the EM-PQ2500 supports the following selection of protocols:

- Modbus RTU
- Profibus DP V0 Slave

For connection, we recommend a 9-pole Profibus plug, e.g. from the company Phoenix, type "SUBCON-Plus-ProfiB/AX/SC" with article number 2744380.



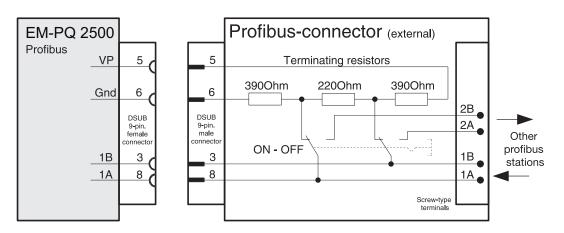
DSUB socket for Modbus or Profibus.

Illu. EM-PQ2500 with DSUB socket for the RS485 interface.

Connection of Bus Lines

The incoming bus line is connected to clamps 1A and 1B. The bus line for the next device in the line is connected to clamps 2A and 2B. If there is no further device in the line, the bus line has to be terminated with resistors (switch to ON).

In switch extradata ON, clamps 2A and 2B are switched off for the continuing bus line.



Illu. Profibus plug with terminating resistors.

Shields

A twisted, shielded cable is foreseen for connections using the RS485 interface.

- Ground the shields of all cables leading to the cabinet at the cabinet entry point.
- Connect the shield extensively and with good conductivity with a low external voltage ground.
- Intercept the cable mechanically above the ground clip in order to avoid damages caused by cable movements.
- Use suitable cable insert guides, such as PG glands, to guide the cable into the switch cabinet.

Cable type

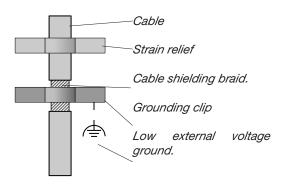
The cables used must be suitable for an environmental temperature of at least 80°C.

Recommended cable types:

Unitronic Li2YCY(TP) 2x2x0.22 (Lapp cable) Unitronic BUS L2/FIP 1x2x0.64 (Lapp cable)

Maximum cable length

1200m at a Baud rate of 38.4k.



Illu. Shielding arrangement at cabinet entry point.

Terminal resistors

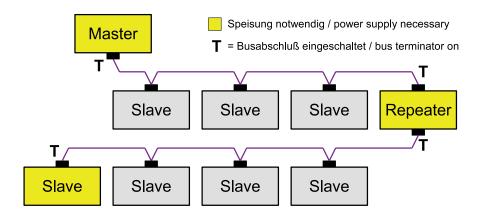
The cable is terminated with resistors (1200hm 1/4W) at the beginning and end of a segment.

The EM-PQ2500 does not have any terminal resistors.

Bus structure

- All devices are connected in a bus structure (line).
- In one segment, up to 32 participants can be switched together.
- The cable is terminated with resistors at the beginning and end of a segment.
- Repeaters (power boosters) must be used with more than 32 participants in order to connect the individual segments.
- Devices with terminated resistor have to be supplied.

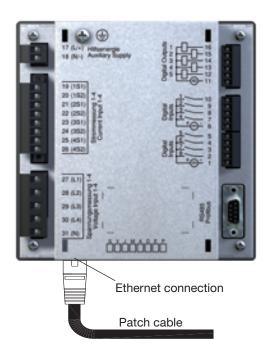
- We recommend to install the master device at the end of the segment.
- In case that the master device with terminated bus resistor will be removed, the bus is not under operation.
- In case that slave device with terminated bus resistor will be removed or is not switched on, the bus is can be unstable.
- Devices which have no termination can be replaced without any interruption of the bus.



Ethernet

The network settings for the Ethernet are specified by the network administrator and set accordingly on the EM-PQ2500.

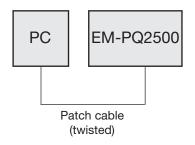
If the network settings are not known, the patch cable may not be plugged into the EM-PQ2500.



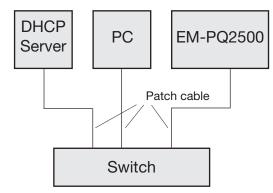


Warning!

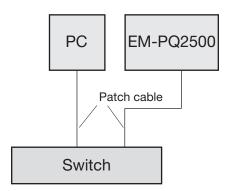
Incorrect nework settings can cause faults in the network!



Illu. Connection example; direct connection between the EM-PQ2500 and PC using a twisted patch cable.



Illu. Connection example; EM-PQ2500 and PC are automatically allocated the IP address from a DHCP server.

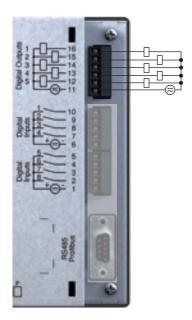


Illu. Connection example; EM-PQ2500 and PC need a fixed IP address.

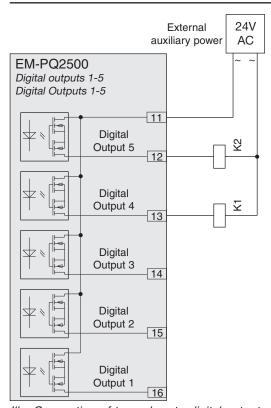
Digital outputs

The EM-PQ2500 has 5 digital outputs. These outputs are separated galvanically from the analysis electronics using optocouplers. The digital outputs have a common reference.

- The digital outputs can switch AC and DC loads.
- The digital outputs arenotshort-circuit proof.
- Connected lines that are longer than 30m must be laid with shields.
- External auxiliary power is necessary.



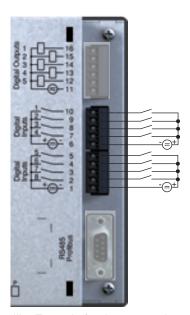
Illu. Digital outputs connection.



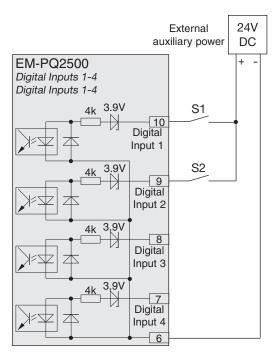
Illu. Connection of two relays to digital outputs 4 and 5.

Digital Inputs

The EM-PQ2500 has 8 digital inputs. The digital inputs are divided into two groups, each with 4 inputs. Each group has a common reference.



Illu. Example for the connection of digital inputs.

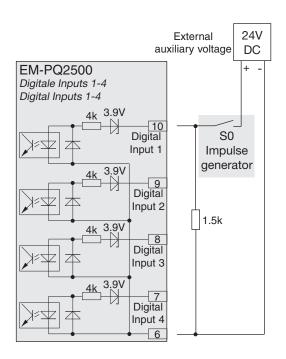


Illu. Example for the connection of external contacts S1 and S2 to the digital inputs 1 and 2.

S0 impulse input

You can connect an S0 impulse generator in accordance with DIN EN62053-31 to each digital input.

You require an external auxiliary voltage with an output voltage in the range of 20 .. 28V DC and a resistor with 1.5kOhm.



Illu. Example for the connection of an S0 impulse generator to digital input 1.

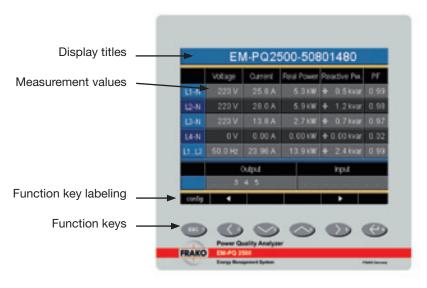
Operation

Operation

The EM-PQ2500 is operated using six function keys.

The six keys are allocated different functions depending on the context:

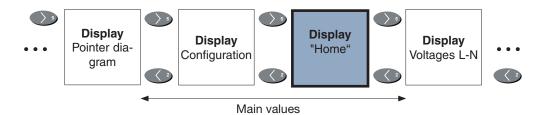
- Selection of measurement value displays.
- Navigation within the menu.
- Processing the device settings.



Measurement value displays

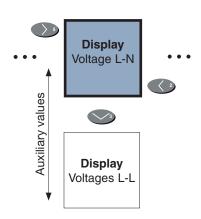
Main values

You can use keys 2 and 5 to browse between the main values of the measurement value displays.



Auxiliary values

You can use keys 3 and 4 to browse between the auxiliary values of a measurement value display.



"Home" measurement value display

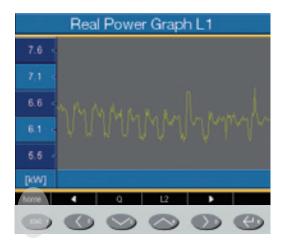
Once the network returns, the EM-PQ2500 starts with the "Home" measurement value display.

This measurement value display contains the device names and an overview of important measurement values. The device name consists of the device type and serial number upon delivery.

	EM-PQ2500-50801480				
	Votage	Current	Real Power	Reactive Pw.	PF
L1-N	223 V	25.8 A	5.3 kW	♦ 0.5 kvar	0.99
L2-N	223 V	28.0 A	5.9 kW	+ 1.2 kvar	0.98
L3-N	223 V	13.8 A	2.7 kW	₱ 0.7 kvar	0.97
L4-N	0.0	0.00 A	0.00 kW	+ 0.00 kvar	0.32
1113	50.0 Hz	23.96 A	13.9 kW	# 2.4 kvar	0.99
	(output		Input	
	3	4 5			
config	1			•	



Using the "Home - Key 1", you come out of the measurement value displays for the main values directly to the first "Home" measurement value display.



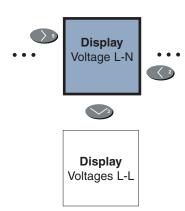
Select measurement value display

You want to change to a measurement value display with main values.

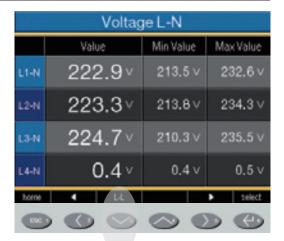
- Use the function keys 2 and 5 to browse between the measurement value displays of the main values.
- With function key 1 (Home), you always access the first measurement value display.

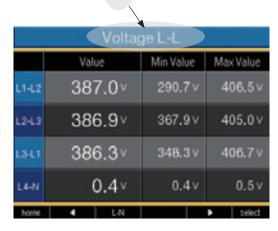
You want to change to a measurement value display with auxiliary values.

- Select the measurement value display with the main values.
- Select the measurement value display with function keys 3 and 4 for the auxiliary values.



Example: selection of auxiliary value voltage.

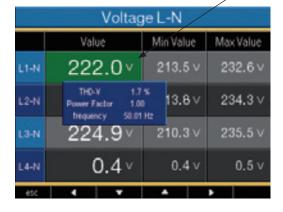




Call up additional information

- Browse with keys 2 to 5 to the required measurement value display.
- Activate the measurement value selection with key 6 (selection).
- Select the required measurement value with keys 2 to 5.
- The background colour for the measurement value changes from grey to green. The additional information is shown in a blue window.
- End the process with key 1 (ESC) or select another measurement value with keys 2 to 5.

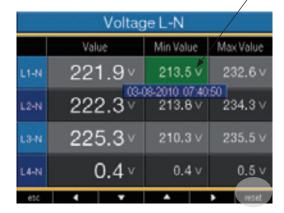




Delete min/max values individually

- Use keys 2 to 5 to browse to the required measurement value display.
- Activate the measurement value selection with key 6 (selection).
- Select the required minimum and maximum value with keys 2 to 5.
- The background colour for the measurement value changes from grey to green. The point with the date and time of occurence is shown in an additional blue window.
- You can now delete the selected min or max value with key 6 (reset).
- End the process with key 1 (ESC) or select another min/max value with keys 2 to 5.







The date and time for the min/max values are shown in UTC time (coordinated world time).

List of transients

Recognized transients are listed in the transients list.

- The transients list consists of 2 pages.
- Transients 1 to 8 are listed on page 1 and 9 to 16 on page 2.

Display transients

- Go to the transients list with key 6 "selection".
- Select a transient with keys 3 and 4.
- Allow to the transients to be presented graphically with key 6.
- Show or hide the legends with key 6 "Legends".
- You can exit the graphic presentation of the transients with key 1.

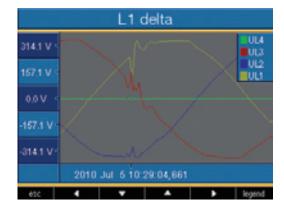
Transients (18)				
Phase	Reason	Date/Time		
L1		2010 Jul 29 06:39:12,326		
L4	delta	2010 Jul 23 11:42:69,912		
L3	delta	2010 Jul 23 11:42:17,689		
L4	delta	2010 Jul 8 10:00:17,112		
L1	delta	2010 Jul 5 10:29:04,661		
L4	delta	2010 Jul 6 10:29:01,131		
L2	delta	2010 Jun 24 08:42:55,064		
L2	delta	2010 Jun 21 07:07:47,104		
home	1	916 > telect		



Transient voltages are quick, impulsive transient oscillation processes in electrical networks.

Transient voltages are not predictable with respect to time and have a limited period.

Transient voltages are caused by the effects of lighting, by switching operations or by triggered fuses.



List of events

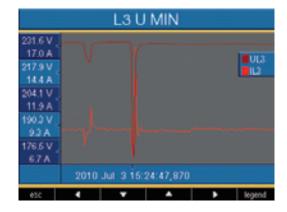
Recognized events are listed in the events list.

- The events list consists of 2 pages.
- Events 1 to 8 are listed on page 1 and events 9 to 18 on page 2.

Display incident

- Go to the events list with key 6 "Selection".
- Select an incident with keys 3 and 4.
- Allow the incident to be graphically presented with key 6.
- Show or hide the legends with key 6 "Legends".
- You can leave the graphic presentation of the incident with key 1.

	Events (18)				
Phase	Reason	Date/Time			
L1	U MIN	2010 Jul 14 20:42:28,048			
L1	U MIN	2010 Jul 14 20:42:27,908			
L1	U MIN	2010 Jul 14 20:42:27,188			
L2	U MIN	2010 Jul 14 20:42:27,635			
L2	U MIN	2010 Jul 14 20:42:27,195			
L2	U MIN	2010 Jul 14 20:41:14,125			
L3	U MIN	2010 Jul 3 15:24:47,870			
L3	U MIN	2010 Jun 10 11:38:19,079			
esc		▲ enter			





Events are limit value violations of effective current and voltage values.

Configuration

The supply voltage must be connected for configuration of the EM-PQ2500.

Apply supply voltage

- The level of supply voltage for the EM-PQ2500 can be taken from the label.
- After applying the supply voltage, a startup screen appears on the display. Approximately ten seconds later, the EM-PQ2500 changes to the first "Home" measurement value display.
- If a display does not appear, check whether the applied supply voltage is within the nominal voltage range.

EM-PQ2500-50801480					
	Votage	Current	Real Power	Reactive Pw.	PF
L1-N	223 V	25.8 A	5.3 kW	♦ 0.5 kvar	0.99
L2-N	223 V	28.0 A	5.9 kW	+ 1.2 kvar	0.98
L3-N	223 V	13.8 A	2.7 KW	♣ 0.7 kvar	0.97
L4-N	0.0	0.00 A	0.00 kW	# 0.00 kvar	0.32
11.13	50.0 Hz	23.96 A	13.9 kW	# 2.4 kvar	0.99
	Output Input				
	3 4 5				6 6
config	1			•	

Illu. Example of "Home" measurement value.



Warning!

Supply voltages that do not correspond with the label details can lead to incorrect functions and damage to the device.

Configuration

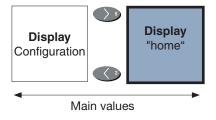
Configuration menu

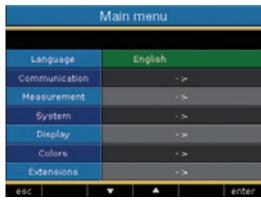
Once the network returns, the "Home" measurement value display is found on the start page.

• Browse to the menu configuration with key 1.

If you are in a measurement value display for main values, you use

- key 1 "Home" to directly access the first "Home" measurement display.
- Use key 1 to browse to the menu configuration.





Illu. Example configuration of "languages".

Language

You can set the language for the measurement value displays and menus directly in the "configuration" menu.

There are different languages to select between. The preset language in the factory is "English".

Configuration - communication

Communication

The EM-PQ2500 has an Ethernet and a RS485 interface.

Ethernet (TCP/IP)

Select the type of address allocation for the Ethernet interface here.

DHCP mode

- Off- IP address, Netmask and Gateway are specified by the user and set directly on the EM-PQ2500. Select this mode for simple networks without a DHCP server.
- BOOTP BootP permits the fully automatic integration of a EM-PQ2500 in an existing network. BootP is an older protocol and does not have DHCP's extent of functions.
- DHCP- Upon starting, the EM-PQ2500 automatically collects the IP address, the Netmask and the Gateway from a DHCP server.

Factory pre-setting: **DHCP**

Communication				
Et	hernet (TCPAP)			
DHCP	Off			
Address	78.140. 98.236			
Netmask	255, 255, 255, 240			
Gateway	78.140. 98.233			
	Field Bus			
RS485	Modbus Slave			
Device	1			
Speed	115200			
esc	▼ ▲ enter			



The EM-PQ2500 may only be connected to the Ethernet after coordinating with the network administrator!

Configuration - communication

RS485

You can specify the protocol, the device address and the Baud rate for operating the RS485 interface.

Protocol

Selection options:

- Modbus Slave
- Modbus Master/Gateway
- Profibus DP V0

Factory pre-setting:

Modbus Master/Gateway

Device address

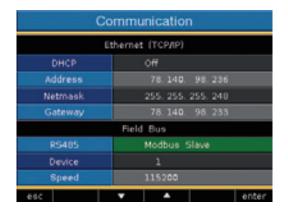
Setting range: 0 - 255 Factory pre-setting: 1

Baud rate

Setting range: 9.600, 19.200, 38.400, 57.600,

115.200, 921.600 kbps

Factory pre-setting: 115.200 kbps



Measurement

Configure here:

- The measurement converters for the current and voltage measurement.
- The record of transients.
- The recording of events.
- The rated frequency.



Rated frequency

For measuring and calculating the meaurement values, the EM-PQ2500 requires the Rated frequency of a.c. systems.

The EM-PQ2500 is suitable for measurements in networks with a rated frequency in the range of 40Hz to 70Hz.

The rated frequency can be specified by the user or automatically detected by the device.

- **Auto** Factory pre-setting. The rated frequency is measured.
- **50Hz** The rated frequency is set to 50Hz. The rated frequency is not measured.
- **60Hz** The rated frequency is set to 60Hz. The rated frequency is not measured.

Automatic frequency detection

A voltage (V-Vref) larger than 10Veff must be applied on at least one of the voltage measurement inputs for the automatic detection of frequency by the EM-PQ2500.

If a sufficient measurement voltage is not applied, the EM-PQ2500 can not detect the rated frequency and a measurement can therefore not be carried out.



Voltage converter

You can allocate the main meaurement and the auxiliary measurement voltage converter relations.

You select the setting 400 V / 400 V for measurements without a voltage converter.

Setting range:

Primary 1 .. 999,999 V Secondary 1 .. 400 V

Factory pre-setting:

Primary 400 V Secondary 400 V

Transformer L1					
	primary	secondary			
Current Transf.	100A	5A			
Voltage Transf.	400V	400V			
Rated Current	5000A				
Rated Voltage	230∨				
apply to L2-L4	no				
Voltage con.	3 phase -	4 line, 3VT			
Current con.	3 phase -	4 line, 3CT			
esc	¥ A	enter			

Nominal voltage

The nominal voltage specifies the value which

- transients,
- events and automatic graphic scaling refer to.

Setting range: 0 .. 1,000,000 V

Factory pre-setting: 230 V

For example, you can also select the primary voltage as nominal voltage.

Transformer L1					
	primary	secondary			
Current Transf.	100A	5A			
Voltage Transf.	400V	400V			
Rated Current	5000A				
Rated Voltage	23 6 V				
apply to L2-L4	no				
Voltage con.	3 phase -	4 line, 3VT			
Current con.	3 phase -	4 line, 3CT			
esc	v A	enter			

Connection diagram for voltage measurement

For the voltage measurement, you can select between the following connection diagrams:

3p4w - 3 phase 4 conductor

3p4wu - 3 phase 4 conductor 3p3w - 3 phase 4 conductor

For networks without a neutral conductor under symmetric load.

3p3wu - 3 Phasen 3 Leiter

For networks without a neutral conductor under symmetric load.

3p5w - 3 Phasen 4 Leiter

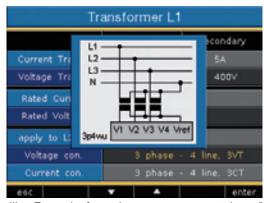
Measurement of an additional

measuring point.

1p2w - 1 phase 2 conductor (180°)

Factory pre-setting: 3p4w

Transformer L1					
	primary	secondary			
Current Transf.	100A	5A			
Voltage Transf.	400V	400V			
Rated Current	5000A				
Rated Voltage	23 0 V				
apply to L2-L4	no				
Voltage con.	3 phase	- 4 line, 3VT			
Current con.	3 phase	- 4 line, 3CT			
esc	¥ A	enter			



Illu. Example for voltage measurement in a 3 phase 4 conductor network.



A connection diagram has to be configured for the measurement inputs V4 and I4.

Current converter

You can allocate both the main measurement and auxiliary measurement current converter relations.

Select setting 5/5A for direct measurement of currents.

Setting range:

Primary 1 .. 999,999 A Secondary 1 .. 5 A

Factory pre-setting:

Primary 5 A Secondary 5 A

Transformer L1				
	primary	secondary		
Current Transf.	100A	5A		
Voltage Transf.	400V	400V		
Rated Current	5000A			
Rated Voltage	23 0 V			
apply to L2-L4	no			
Voltage con.	3 phase -	4 line, 3VT		
Current con.	3 phase -	4 line, 3CT		
esc	v A	enter		

Nominal current

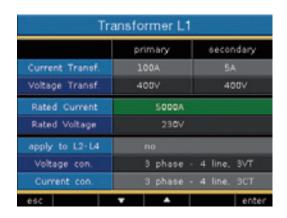
The nominal current specifies which value

- overcurrent,
- · current transients,
- and automatic graphics scaling refer to.

Setting range: 0 .. 1,000,000 A



You can only set the nominal values for measurement of the K-Factor and TDD using EM-PQ VIS.



Connection diagram for current measurement

You can select between the following connection diagrams for current measurement:

3p4w	- 3 phase 4 conductor, 3 current conv.
3p5w	- 3 phase 4 conductor, 4 current conv.

- 3 phase 4 conductor, 4 current conv. The fourth current transformer can be

used for measuring the neutral conductor e.g.

3p2i - 3 phase 4 conductor, 2 current conv. For networks under symmetric load.

3p2i0 - 3 phase 3 conductor, 2 current conv.

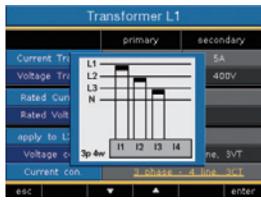
Aron connection for networks without

a neutral conductor. The third current will be calculated.

1p2i - 1 Phasen 2 Leiter, 2 Stromwandler

Factory pre-setting: 3p4w

Transformer L1					
	primary	secondary			
Current Transf.	100A	5A			
Voltage Transf.	400V	400V			
Rated Current	5000A				
Rated Voltage	23 0 V				
apply to L2-L4	no				
Voltage con.	3 phase -	4 line, 3VT			
Current con.	3 phase -	4 line, 3CT			
esc	¥ A	enter			



Illu. Example for current measurement using 3 current converters in a 3 phase 4 conductor network.



A connection diagram does not have to be configured for measurement inputs V4 and I4.

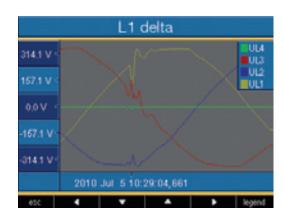
Transients

Transient voltages are rapid, impulsive transient oscillation processes in electrical networks. Transient voltages are not predictable with respect to time and last for a limited period.

Transient voltages are caused by the effects of lighting, due to switching operations or the triggering of fuses.

- The EM-PQ2500 recognizes transients that are longer than 50μs.
- The EM-PQ2500 monitors the voltage measurement inputs on transients.
- Transient monitoring can be set per phase.
- There are two independent criteria for recognizing transients.
- If a transient has been recognized, the wave shape is saved in a transient recording.
- If a transient has been recognized, the limit value is automatically increased by 20V, both in automatic and manual modes. This automatic increase of the limit value fades within 10 minutes.
- If another transient is recognized within the next 60 seconds, this transient is recorded with 512 points.
- You can display recorded transients with the EM-PQ VIS incident browser.

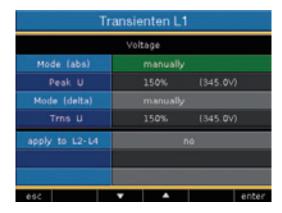




Mode (absolute)

If a scanning value exceeds the set limit value, a transient is recognized.

- . Off- Transient monitoring is switched off
- Automatic- Factory pre-setting. The limit value is automatically calculated and is 110% of the current 200 ms effective value.
- Manual- Transient monitoring uses the adjustable limit value under "Peak U".



Mode (delta)

If the difference of two neighbouring scanning points exceeds the set limit value, a transient is recognized.

- Off- Transient monitoring is switched off.
- Automatic- Factoring pre-setting. The limit value is calculated automatically and is 0.2175 times the current 200ms effective value.
- Manual- Transient monitoring uses the adjustable limit value under "Trns U".

Accept L2-L4

Transient monitoring can be set per phase. You can accept settings from phase L1 into phases L2, L3 and L4.

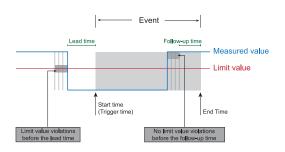
- No The L1 phase settings are not transferred to the stages L2, L3 and L4.
- Yes- The settings from phase L1 are taken over into phases L2, L3 and L4.

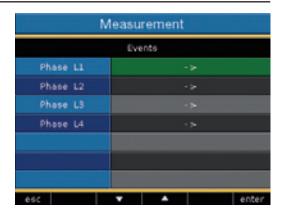
Events

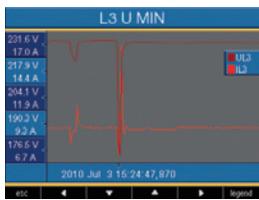
Events are limit value violations of effective current and voltage values.

The EM-PQ2500 compares the limit values with the full wave rms values (20ms/16.7ms) of current and voltage.

- You can specify limit values for each current input and each voltage input.
- The full wave effective values, average value, minimum or maximum value and the start time and end time of an incident are recorded.
- You can display recorded events with the EM-PQ VIS incident browser.
- The recording of full wave effective values is configured with EM-PQ VIS.







Illu. Display of the full wave effective values to an incident.

Voltage

Drop

A drop in voltage is set in % of the nominal voltage.

Overvoltage

The overvoltage is set in % of the nominal voltage.

Current

Overcurrent

The rapid increase of current is set in % of the nominal current.

Accept L2-L4

Monitoring of events can be set per phase. You can accept settings from phase L1 into phases L2, L3 and L4.

- No- Settings from phase L1 are **not** taken over into phases L2, L3 and L4.
- Yes- The settings from phase L1 are taken over into phases L2, L3 and L4.





Preparation time

The preparation time can only be set with EM-PQ VIS.

Factory pre-setting: 0



Follow-up time

The follow-up time can only be set with EM-PQ VIS.

Factory pre-setting: 0

Configuration - display

Display

Brightness

The brightness level of the background illumination can be adjusted. The brightness level set here is used during operation of the EMPQ2500.

Setting range: 0 .. 100% Factory pre-setting: 70% (0% = dark, 100% = very bright)

Standby

This refers to the time before the brightness changes to "standby brightness".

Setting range: 60 .. 9999 seconds

Factory pre-setting: 900 seconds

Standby brightness

This refers to the brightness level changed to after the end of the standby time. The standby time is restarted by using keys 1-6.

Setting range: 0 .. 60% Factory pre-setting: 40%

Screensaver

The screensaver prevents a screen on the LCD from "sticking" if the screen does not change for a longer period of time.

Setting range: yes, no Factory pre-setting: yes



Presentation

You can specify the speed at which new measurement values should appear on the measurement value displays.

Setting range: fast (200ms),

slow (1s)

Factory pre-setting: fast

Rotate

The measurement value displays are automatically displayed in sequence. The configuration displays are not affected by this.

Setting range: yes, no Factory pre-setting: no

Configuration - display

Transition time

You can set the time between automatic transition to the next measurement value display.

Setting range:

0 .. 255 seconds

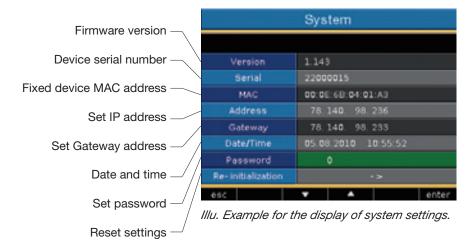
Factory pre-setting: 2 seconds



The service life of the background illumination extends if the brightness of the background illumination is kept lower.

System settings

Display of system settings specific to the device.





You cannot configure the date and time directly on the device.

Settings for time synchronization and the date and time can only be made using EM-PQ VIS.

Password

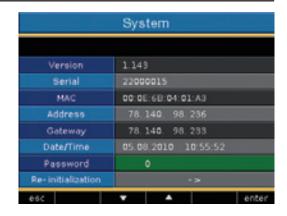
The user can block access to the configuration with a password. Changing the configuration directly on the device is then only possible after entering the password.

The password consists of a 6 digit combination of numbers.

Setting range: 1-999999 = with password 000000 = without password

A password (000000) is not programmed in the factory.

- In order to change a set password, you must know the current password.
- Note any changed password.
- If you do not want a password request anymore, enter "000000" as a password.



Forgotten password

If you have forgotten the password, you can only delete the password using the "EM-PQ VIS" software.

In order to do this, connect the EM-PQ2500 with the PC using a suitable interface. Further information can be found in the EM-PQ VIS assistant.

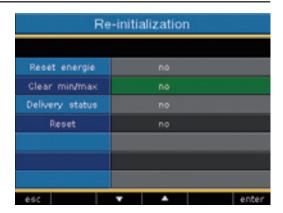
Delete minimum and maximum values

You can delete all minimum and maximum values in the EM-PQ2500 simultaneously.

How to delete the individual minimum and maximum values is described in the chapter "individually deleting min. and max. values".

Delete all minimum and maximum values.

- Select "yes" with key 3
- Confirm with key 6.
- The message "executed" appears in the line all minimum and maximum values have been deleted.



Delete power meters

You can delete all power meters in the EM-PQ2500 at the same time.

A selection of certain power meters is not possible.



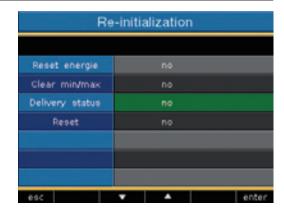
- Select with key 3 "yes"
- · Confirm with key 6.
- The message "executed" appears in the line all power meters have been deleted.



Delivered condition

All settings such as the configuration and recorded data are reset to the factory pre-settings or deleted. Entered release codes are not deleted.

- Select with key 3 "yes"
- Confirm with key 6.
- The message "executed" appears in the line the delivered condition is reinstored.



Restart

The EM-PQ2500 restarts all programs.

- Select with the key 3 "yes".
- Confirm with key 6.
- The message "executed" appears in the line
 all programs have been restarted.



Colors

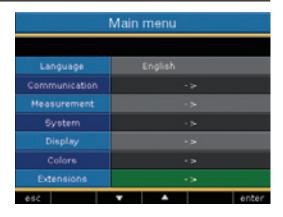
Selection of colors for the presentation of current and voltage in the graphic presentations.





Extensions

Under "Extensions" you can subsequently release charged functions and show the status of Jasic programs.



Release

The EM-PQ2500 contains chargeable functions that can be subsequently released.
List of release functions:

- BACnet
- EMAX

You receive the release code from the manufacturer. The manufacturer needs the device serial number and the name of function to be released. In order to release the function, you enter the 6 digit release code in the respective line.

Please note that the release code is only valid for one device.





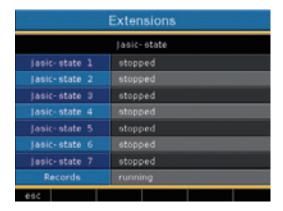
Jasic status

Up to 7 specific customer Jasic programs (1-7) and one recording can run in the EM-PQ2500. The Jasic programs can adopt the following statuses:

- Stopped
- Running

You cannot change the status of Jasic programs on the device.





Initialization

Applying the supply voltage

- The level of supply voltage for the EM-PQ2500 can be taken from the label.
- After applying the supply voltage, a startup screen appears on the display. Around ten seconds later, the EM-PQ2500 changes to the first measurement value display.
- If no display appears, you must check whether the supply voltage is within the nominal voltage range.





Warning!

Supply voltages that do not correspond with the details on the type label can lead to malfunctions and damage to the device.

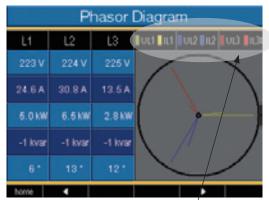
Apply measurement voltage

- Voltage measurements in networks with nominal voltages above 500VAC against ground must be connected using a voltage converter.
- After connection of the measurement voltages, the measurement values displayed by the EM-PQ2500 for voltages L-N and L-L must match those at the voltage measurement input.
- If a voltage converter factor is programmed, this must considered upon comparison.

Rotary field direction

Check the direction of the voltage rotary field on the measurement value display of the EM-PQ2500.

A "right" rotary field is usually available.



Presentation of the phase sequence according to the rotary field direction.

UL1-UL2-UL3 = right rotary field UL1-UL3-UL2 = left rotary field



Warning!

The EM-PQ2500 is not suitable for measuring DC voltages.

Applying measurement current

The EM-PQ2500 is designed for the connection of ../1A and ../5A current converters.

Only AC currents, and not DC currents, can be measured using the current measurement inputs.

Short-circuit all current converter outputs except one. Compare the currents displayed by the EM-PQ2500 with the applied current.

The current displayed by the EM-PQ2500 must match the input current under consideration of the current converter transfer relation.

The EM-PQ2500 must display approx. zero amperes in the short-circuited current measurement inputs.

The current converter ratio is set to 5/5A in the factory and may have to be adapted to the current converter used.

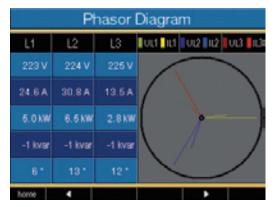
Sign

Reactive power

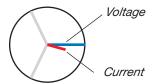
- positive (+) with inductive load,
- negative (-) with capacitive load.

Phase angle (U/I)

- positive (+) with capacitive load,
- negative (-) with inductive load.



Voltages are shown with long pointers in the pointer diagram, and currents with shorter pointers.





Warning!

Voltages and currents outside of the authorized measurement range can destroy the device.

Initialization

Pointer diagram, examplel 1

Primarily ohmic load.



Voltage and current only have a minor difference in the phase.

• The current measurement input is allocated to the right voltage measurement input.

Pointer diagram, example 2 Primarily ohmic load.



Voltage and current have a difference of approximately 180° in the phase.

- The current measurement input is allocated to the right voltage measurement input.
- In this current measurement, the connections k and I are swapped over or there is a return feed into the supplier network.

Initialization

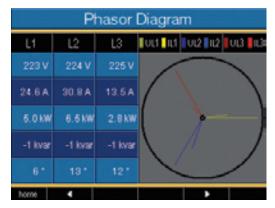
Checking the power measurement

Short-circuit all current converter outputs except one and check the displayed power outputs.

The EM-PQ2500 may only display one power output in the phase with the current converter input that is not short-circuited. If this does not apply, please check the connection of the measurement voltage and measurement current.

If the amount of effective power is correct but the sign of effective power is negative, this may have two causes:

- Connections S1(k) and S2(l) are mixed up on the current converter.
- Effective power is returned to the network.



In the pointer diagram, voltages are shown with the longer pointers and currents with shorter pointers.

Initialization

Checking communication

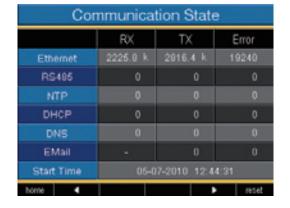
The EM-PQ2500 counts all received (RX), all sent (TX) and all faulty data packages.

In the ideal case, the number of errors shown in the error column is zero.

Reset

You can delete the counters for the data packages with key 6.

The start time for the recount is reset.



Profibus profile

A Profibus profile contains data to be exchanged between a device and an SPS. Four Profibus profiles are pre-configured in the factory.

With a Profibus profile, you can:

- call-up measurement values from the device,
- set the digital outputs in the device,
- request the status of the digital inputs in the device.

Each Profibus profile can contain a maximum of 127Bytes. You can apply further Profibus profiles if more data has to be transferred.

- Each Profibus profile has a profile number.
 The profile number is sent by the PLC to the device.
- You can directly process 16 Profibus profiles with EM-PQ VIS (profile numbers 0..15).
- Additional Profibus profiles (profile numbers 16..255) can be applied using Jasic programs.
- Factory pre-configured Profibus profiles can be subsequently changed.

Device master file

The device master file, abbreviated with GSD file, describes the Profibus characteristics of the EM-PQ2500. The GSD file is required by the PLC configuration program.

The device master file for the EM-PQ2500 has the file name "U5080C2C.GSD" and is contained on the data carrier supplied with the delivery.

Variable definition

All system variables and global variables¹⁾ can be scaled individually and converted into one of the following formats:

- 8, 16, 32Bit integer with and without sign.
- 32 or 64Bit float format.
- Big or Little Endian.

Big-Endian = High Byte before Low Byte. Little-Endian = Low Byte before High Byte.

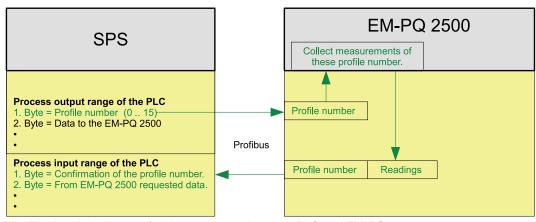
¹⁾Global variables are variables that are defined by the user in Jasic and are provided to each interface in the EM-PQ2500.

Example

Collect measurement values using Profibus

You must transfer at least one Profibus profile with EM-PQ VIS and transfer it to the EM-PQ2500.

A Jasic program is not necessary.



Illu. Block switch diagram for data exchange between PLC and EM-PQ2500.

Profibus profile number 0

	Byte		Value	Scaling
	Index	Value type	format	
1	1	Valtage I 1 N	float	1
2	5	Voltage L1-N Voltage L2-N	float	1
3	9	Voltage L2-N Voltage L3-N	float	1
4	13	Voltage L4-N	float	1
5	17	Voltage L2-L1	float	1
6	21	Voltage L2-L1 Voltage L3-L2	float	1
7	25	Voltage L1-L3	float	1
8	25 29	Current L1	float	1
9	33	Current L2	float	1
	37			1
10		Current L3	float	
11	41	Current L4	float	1
12	45	Effective power L1	float	1
13	49	Effective power L2	float	1
14	53	Effective power L3	float	1
15	57	Effective power L4	float	1
16	61	Cosphi (math.) L1	float	1
17	65	Cosphi (math.) L2	float	1
18	69	Cosphi (math.) L3	float	1
19	73	Cosphi (math.) L4	float	1
20	77	Frequency	float	1
21	81	Effective power total L1-L4	float	1
22	85	Reactive power L1-L4	float	1
23	89	Apparent power total L1-L4	float	1
24	93	Cosphi (math.) total L1-L4	float	1
25	97	Effective current total L1-L4	float	1
26	101	Effective consumption total L1-L4	float	1
27	105	Ind. reactive consum. total L1-L4	float	1
28	109	THD voltage L1	float	1
29	113	THD voltage L2	float	1
30	117	THD voltage L3	float	1
31	121	THD voltage L4	float	1

Profibus profile number 1

	Byte- Index	Value type	Values- format	Scaling
		31		
1	1	Voltage L1-N	Float	1
2	5	Voltage L2-N	Float	1
3	9	Voltage L3-N	Float	1
4	13	Voltage L2-L1	Float	1
5	17	Voltage L3-L2	Float	1
6	21	Voltage L1-L3	Float	1
7	25	Current L1	Float	1
8	29	Current L2	Float	1
9	33	Current L3	Float	1
10	37	Effective power L1	Float	1
11	41	Effective power L2	Float	1
12	45	Effective power L3	Float	1
13	49	Cosphi (math.) L1	Float	1
14	53	Cosphi (math.) L2	Float	1
15	57	Cosphi (math.) L3	Float	1
16	61	Frequency	Float	1
17	65	Effective power total L1-L3	Float	1
18	69	Reactive power total L1-L3	Float	1
19	73	Apparent power total L1-L3	Float	1
20	77	Cosphi (math.) total L1-L3	Float	1
21	81	Effective current total L1-L3	Float	1
22	85	Effective consumption total L1-L3	Float	1
23	89	Ind. Reactive consum. total L1-L3		1
24	93	THD voltage L1	Float	1
25	97	THD voltage L2	Float	1
26	101	THD voltage L3	Float	1
27	105	THD current L1	Float	1
28	109	THD current L2	Float	1
29	113	THD current L3	Float	1

Profibus profile number 2

	Byte- Index	Value type	Values- Format	Scaling
1	1	Effective consumption total L1-L3	Float	1
2	5	Drawn eff. consum. total L1-L3	Float	1
3	9	Supplied eff. consum. total L1-L3	Float	1
4	13	Reactive consumption total L1-L3	Float	1
5	17	Ind. reactive consum. total L1-L3	Float	1
6	21	Cap. reactive consum. total L1-L3	Float	1
7	25	Apparent consumption total L1-L3	Float	1
8	29	Effective consumption L1	Float	1
9	33	Effective consumption L2	Float	1
10	37	Effective consumption L3	Float	1
11	41	Inductive reactive consumption L1	Float	1
12	45	Inductive reactive consumption L2	Float	1
13	49	Inductive reactive consumption L3	Float	1

Profibus profile number 3

	Byte- Index	Value type	Values- Format	Scaling
1	1	Effective power L1	Float	1
2	5	Effective power L2	Float	i
3	9	Effective power L3	Float	1
4	13	Effective power total L1-L3	Float	1
5	17	Current L1	Float	1
6	21	Current L2	Float	1
7	25	Current L3	Float	1
8	29	Current total L1-L3	Float	1
9	33	Effective consumption total L1-L3	Float	1
10	37	CosPhi (math.) L1	Float	1
11	41	CosPhi (math.) L2	Float	1
12	45	CosPhi (math.) L3	Float	1
13	49	CosPhi (math.) total L1-L3	Float	1
14	53	Reactive power L1	Float	1
15	53	Reactive power L2	Float	1
16	53	Reactive power L3	Float	1
17	53	Reactive power total L1-L3	Float	1
18	53	Apparent power L1	Float	1
19	53	Apparent power L2	Float	1
20	53	Apparent power L3	Float	1
21	53	Apparent power total L1-L3	Float	1

Service and Maintenance

The device is subjected to different safety tests before delivery and marked with a seal. If a device is opened, the safety tests have to be repeated. A guarantee is only provided for unopened devices.

Repair and Calibration

Repair work and calibration can only be undertaken by the manufacturer.

Front film

Cleaning the front film can be done with a soft cloth and domestic detergent. Acids and products containing acids may not be used for cleaning.

Battery

The internal clock is fed from the supply voltage. If the supply voltage fails, the clock is supplied by the battery. The clock provides the date and time information, e.g. for recordings, minimum and maximum values and events.

The expected battery life is at least 5 years at a storage temperature of +45°C. The typical battery life is 8 to 10 years.

The device must be opened to exchange the battery. If the device has been opened, a new safety test is required for safe operation. A guarantee is only provided for unopened devices.

Disposal

The EM-PQ2500 can be recycled as electronic scrap in accordance with the legal regulations. The fixed, integrated lithium battery must be disposed of separately.

Firmware update

If a firmware update has to be carried out for your EM-PQ2500, you can do this with the EM-PQ VIS software included in the delivery.

Service

Should any questions arise that are not described in this handbook please contact the manufacturer directly.

We will require the following compulsory details from you for processing:

- -Device name (refer to label),
- -Serial number (refer to label),
- -Software release (refer to measurement value display),
- -Measurement voltage and supply voltage,
- -Precise error description.

Service and Maintenance

Procedure in case of errors

Possible error	Cause	Remedy	
None Display .	External fuse for the supply voltage has triggered.	Replace fuse.	
None Current dis- play.	The measurement voltage is not connected. The measurement current is not connected.	Connect measurement voltage. Connect measurement current.	
Displayed current is too high or low.	Current measurement is in the wrong phase. Current converter factor is incorrectly programmed.	Check connection and correct if necessary. Read current converter transfer ratio on the current converter and program it.	
Displayed voltage is too low or high	Measurement in the wrong phase. Voltage converter is incorrectly programmed.	Check connection and correct if necessary. Read voltage converter transfer ratio on the voltage converter and program it.	
Displayed voltage is	Measurement range exceeded.	Use a voltage converter.	
too light.	The voltage peak at the measurement input has been exceeded due to harmonics.	Warning! It is necessary to make sure that the measurement inputs are not overloaded.	

Service and Maintenance

Possible errors	Cause	Remedy
Effective power is too high or low.	The programmed current converter transfer ratio is wrong. The current path is allocated to the wrong voltage path. The programmed voltage converter transfer ratio is wrong.	Read and program the current converter transfer ratio on the current converter. Check the connection and correct if necessary. Read and program the current converter transfer ratio on the current converter.
Effective power -receipt/supply are mixed up.	At least one current converter connection is mixed up.	Check and correct the connection if necessary.
	A current path is allocated to the wrong voltage path.	Check and correct the connection if necessary.
No connection to device.	RS485: - Wrong device address Different bus speeds - Wrong protocol Termination is missing. Ethernet: - IP address is wrong	Set device address. Check and correct the speed (baudrate) Select protocol. Connect bus with terminating resistor (120 Ohm). Set IP address on the device.
The device does not work despite taking the above measures.	Device is defective.	Send the device to the manufacturer to check with an exact description of the error.

Technical data

General

Net weight : 1080g

Device dimensions : approx. I=144mm, w=144mm, h=75mm

Battery : Type VARTA CR1/2AA, 3 V, Li-Mn Service life of background illumination : 40000h (50% of initial brightness)

Transport and storage

The following details apply to devices transported or stored in the original packaging.

Free fall : 1m

Temperature : K55 (-25°C to +70°C)

Relative air humidity : 0 to 90 % RH

Environmental conditions in operation

The EM-PQ2500 is intended for use in a weather-protected, fixed extradata.

The EM-PQ2500 must be connected to the protective wire connection! Protection class I accor-

ding to IEC 60536 (VDE 0106, part 1).

Calculation temperature range : K55 (-10°C .. +55°C)

Relative air humidity : 0 to 75 % RH

Operating height : 0 .. 2000m above sea level

Impurity level : 2
Installation extradata : any

Ventilation : external ventilation is not required.

Foreign matter and water protection,

Front : IP50 according to EN60529
Reverse side : IP20 according to EN60529

Supply voltage

Installation overvoltage category : II

Safeguarding of supply voltage

Circuit breaker : 6A typ C (approved by UL/IEC)

230V

Nominal range : 95V .. 240V (45-65Hz) or DC 80V .. 340V

Working range : +-10% of nominal range Power consumption : max. 10W, max. 15VA

Connection capacity of terminal points

Connectable conductors. Only one conductor per terminal point may be connected!

Single wire, multi-wire, fine wire : 0.2 - 2.5mm², AWG 24 - 12

Pin terminals, ferrules : 0.25 - 2.5mm² Tightening torque : 0.5 - 0.6 Nm,

Insulation length : 7mm

Inputs and outputs

8 digital inputs

Maximum counting frequency : 20Hz
Reaction time (Jasic program) : 200ms

Input signal applied : 18V .. 28V DC (typical 4mA)

Input signal not applied : 0 .. 5V DC, current lower than 0.5mA

5 digital outputs, semi-conductor relay, not short-circuit proof.

Switch voltage : max. 60V DC, 30V AC Switch current : max. 50mAeff AC/DC

Reaction time (Jasic program) : 200ms
Output of voltage drops : 20ms
Output of voltage excesses : 20ms
Impulse output (power impulse) : max. 20Hz

Line length : up to 30m - not shielded

: larger than 30m - shielded

Connection capacity of terminal points

Rigid/flexible : 0.14 - 1.5mm2, AWG 28-16

Flexible with ferrules without plastic sleeve : 0.25 - 1.5mm²
Flexible with ferrules with plastic sleeve : 0.25 - 0.5mm²
Tightening torque : 0.22 - 0.25Nm

Insulation length : 7mm

Measurement inputs Voltage measurement

The voltage measuring inputs are suitable for the following grids of power supply:

Three-phase 4 conductor systems L-N/L-L : 417V/720V (+10%)

Three-phase 3 conductor systems L-L : 600V (+10%)

The voltage measuring inputs regarding safety and reliability reasons are dimensioned as follows:

Overvoltage category : 600V CAT III

Measurement surge voltage : 6kV

Measuring range L-N $: 0^{1)} ... 600 \text{Vrms}$ Measuring range L-L $: 0^{1)} ... 1000 \text{Vrms}$

Resolution : 0.01V

Crest factor : 1,6 (relating to 600Vrms)

Impedance: 4MOhm/PhasePower consumption: ca. 0.1 VAScanning frequency: 20kHz/phaseTransients: >50us

Iransients : >50μs
Frequency of fundamental oscillation : 40Hz .. 70Hz

Resolution : 0.001Hz

¹⁾The EM-PQ2500 can only detect measurement values if a voltage L-N larger than 10Veff or a voltage L-L larger than 18Veff is applied to at least one voltage measurement input.

Current measurement

Rated current : 5A Resolution : 0,1mA

Measuring range : 0,001 .. 8,5Arms

Crest factor : 2,4

Overvoltage category : 300V CAT III

Measurement surge voltage : 4kV

Power consumption : ca. 0.2 VA, (Ri=5mOhm)

Overload for 1 second : 120A (sinusoidal)

Scanning frequency : 20kHz

Connection capacity of terminal points

Connectable conductor (current measurement and voltage measurement). Only one conductor per terminal point may be connected!

Single wire, multi-wire, fine wire : 0.2 - 2.5mm², AWG 24 - 12

Pin terminals, ferrules : 0.25 - 2.5mm² Tightening torque : 0.5 - 0.6Nm,

Insulation length : 7mm

Specifications

(Measurement using current converters ../5A)

Network quality parameters

Function	Symbol	Accuracy class	Measur. range	Display range
Frequency	f	0.05 (IEC61557-12)	40 70 Hz	40 Hz 70 Hz
Phase current	i	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	0.001 8.5 Arms	0 A 9999 kA
Neutral cond. current measured	IN	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	0.001 8.5 Arms	0 A 9999 kA
Neutral cond. current calculated	INc	0.5 (IEC61557-12)	0.001 25.5 A	0 A 9999 kA
Voltage	U L-N	0.1 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage	U L-L	0.1 (IEC61557-12)	18 1000 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Short-time flicker, long-time fli.	Pst, Plt	-	-	-
Voltage drops (L-N)	Udip	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage rises (L-N)	Uswl	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage interruptions	Uint	- `	-	-
Voltage unbalance (L-N) ¹⁾	Unba	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage inbalance (L-N) ²⁾	Unb	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage harmonics	Uh	cl. 1 (IEC61000-4-7)	to 2.5 kHz	0 % 100 %
Current harmonics	lh	cl. 1 (IEC61000-4-7)	to 2.5 kHz	0 % 100 %
Network signal voltage	MSV	-	-	-

¹⁾ Reference to amplitude.

²⁾ Reference to phase and amplitude.

Function parameters

Function	Symbol	Accuracy class	Measurem. range	Display range
Total effective power	Р	0.2 ⁵⁾ (IEC61557-12)	0 15.3kW	0 W 9999 GW
Total reactive power	QA, Qv	1 (IEC61557-12)	0 15.3 kvar	0 varh 9999 Gvar
Total apparent power	SA, Sv	0.2 ⁵ (IEC61557-12)	0 15.3 kVA	0 VA 9999 GVA
Total effective energy	Ea	0.2 ⁵⁾ (IEC61557-12)	0 15.3 kWh	0 Wh 9999 GWh
Total reactive energy	ErA, ErV	1 (IEC61557-12)	0 15.3 kvarh	0 varh 9999 Gvarh
Total apparent energy	EapA, EapV	0.2 ⁵ (IEC61557-12)	0 15.3 kVAh	0 VAh 9999 GVAh
Frequency	f	0.05 (IEC61557-12)	40 70 Hz	40 Hz 70 Hz
Phase current	1	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	0.001 8.5 Arms	0 A 9999 kA
Neutral cond. current measured	IN	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	0,001 8.5 Arms	0 A 9999 kA
Neutral cond. current calculated	INc	0.5 (IEC61557-12)	0.001 25.5 A	0 A 9999 kA
Voltage	U L-N	0.1 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage	U L-L	0.1 (IEC61557-12)	18 1000 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Power factor	PFA, PFV	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	0.00 1.00	0 1
Short-time flicker, long-time fl.	Pst, Plt	-	-	-
Voltage drops	Udip	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage rises	Uswl	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Transient overvoltages	Utr	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage interruptions	Uint	-	-	-
Voltage inbalance	Unba	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage inbalance ²⁾	Unb	0.2 (IEC61557-12)	10 600 Vrms	0 V 9999 kV
Voltage harmonics	Uh	cl. 1 (IEC61000-4-7)	to 2.5 kHz	0 V 9999 kV
THD of voltage 3)	THDu	1.0 (IEC61557-12)	to 2.5 kHz	0 % 999 %
THD of voltage ⁴⁾	THD-Ru	1.0 (IEC61557-12)	to 2.5 kHz	0 % 999 %
Current harmonics	Ih cl.	1 (IEC61000-4-7)	to 2.5 kHz	0 A 9999 kA
THD of current ³⁾	THDi	1.0 (IEC61557-12)	to 2.5 kHz	0 % 999 %
THD des Stromes 4)	THD-Ri	1.0 (IEC61557-12)	to 2.5 kHz	0 % 999 %
Mains signal voltage	MSV	-	-	-

- 1) Reference to amplitude.
- 2) Reference to phase and amplitude.
- 3) Reference to basic oscillation.
- 4) Reference to effective value.

5) Accuracy class 0.2 with ../5A converter. Accuracy class 0.5 with ../1A converter.

Serial interfaces

RS485 : plug, SUB D 9-pole

Protocol, Modbus RTU : Modbus RTU/Slave, Modbus RTU/Master

Transfer rate : 9.6kbps, 19.2kbps, 38.4kbps, 57.6kbps,

115.2kbps, 921.6kbps

Protocol, Profibus : Profibus DP/V0 according to EN 50170

Transfer rate : 9.6kBaud to 12MBaud

Ethernet 10/100Base-TX

Connection : RJ-45

Functions : Modbus Gateway, Embedded Webserver (HTTP)

Protocols : TCP/IP, EMAIL (SMTP), DHCP-Client (BootP),

Modbus/TCP, Modbus RTU over Ethernet, FTP,

ICMP (Ping), NTP, TFTP, SNMP.

Appendix

Declaration of Conformity

The EM-PQ2500 fulfils the following protection requirements:

Directive 2004/108/EG in connection with DIN EN61326-1 (2006-10) as well as directive 2006/95/EG in connection with EN 61010-1 (2002-08)

Safety requirements

Safety requirements for electrical instrumentation, control and laboratory equipment

: EN 61010-1 08:2002, IEC 61010-1:2001

Noise immunity

DIN EN 61326-1:2006-10 Electrical equipment for measurem. control and laboratory use

EMC requirements. Class A: Industrial environment

DIN EN 61000-4-2:2001-12 Electrostatic discharge 4kV/8kV

DIN EN 61000-4-3:2008-06 Electromagnetic RF Field 80-2700MHz

DIN EN 61000-4-4:2005-07 Burst immunity 1kV/2kV
DIN EN 61000-4-5:2007-06 Surge immunity 1kV/2kV
DIN EN 61000-4-6:2008-04 Conducted disturbances 3V

DIN EN 61000-4-8:2001-12 Power frequency magnetic field, 100A/m;

DIN EN 61000-4-11:2005-02 Voltage dips / short interrupts

Noise emission

DIN EN 61326-1:2006-10 Electrical equipment for meas., control and laboratory use –

EMC requirements:

Class B: residential, commercial and light industrial environment.

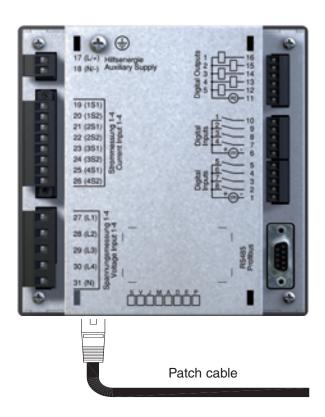
DIN EN 61326-1 / 7.2 (CISPR 11) Radio disturbance field strength 30MHz – 1GHz

DIN EN 61326-1 / 7.2 (CISPR 11) Radio disturbance voltage 0,15MHz – 30MHz

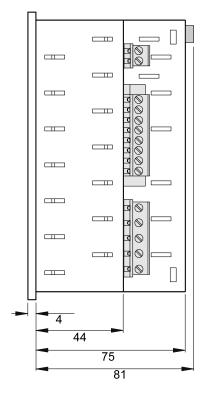
Dimensioned drawings

Cutout size: 138^{+0,8} x 138^{+0,8} mm

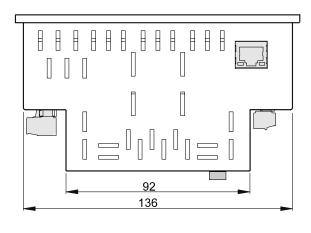
Reverse side



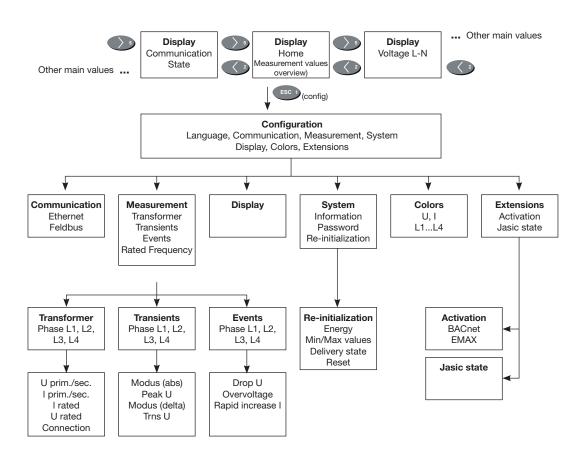
Side view



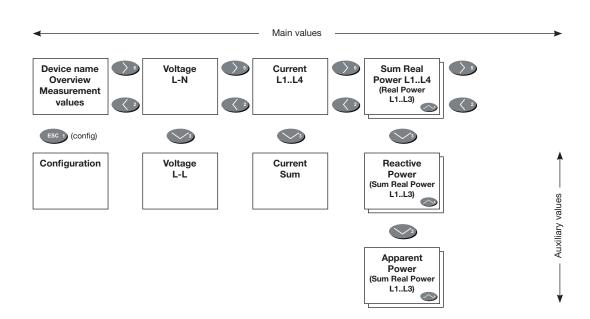
View from below



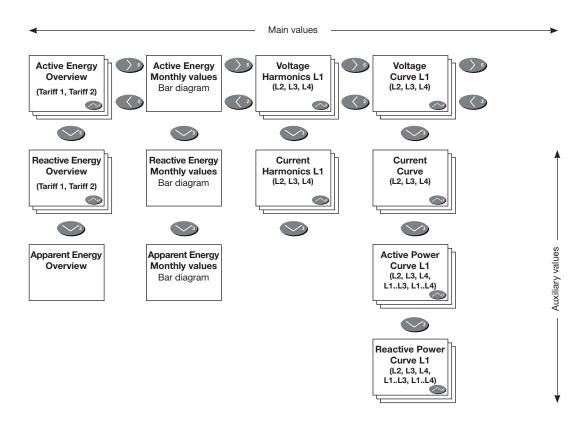
Configuration overview



Configuration overview



Measurement value displays overview



Measurement value displays overview

